

# Test Characteristics of the SAT<sup>®</sup>: Reliability, Difficulty Levels, Completion Rates

January 2014 – December 2014

	Critical Reading (67 Questions)	Mathematics (54 Questions)	Writing MC (49 Questions)	Writing Composite* (with Essay)
<b>Reliability coefficient</b>	.91–.92	.92–.94	.89–.91	.89–.90
<b>Standard error of measurement (SEM)</b>	29–31	28–30	3.2–3.5	33–34
<b>Standard error of difference (SED)</b>	41–44	40–42	5	47–48
<b>Difficulty (average proportion correct)</b>	.57–.63	.56–.62	.61–.67	

\*Essay reliability statistics, which are the proportion of essays that are scored the same or within one point, range between .98 and 1.00.

	Critical Reading 1, 25 min. No. of questions		Critical Reading 2, 25 min. No. of questions			Critical Reading 3, 20 min. No. of questions	
	(23)	(24)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(19)	(20)
<b>Critical Reading Completion Rates</b>							
<b>Percent completing the section</b>	85–87	80–90	86	64–84	85	75–93	85–87
<b>Percent of students completing 75 percent of the section</b>	99–100	99–100	99	98–99	98	97–100	98–100
<b>Number of questions reached by 80 percent of the students</b>	23	23–24	23	23–24	25	18–19	20
<b>Average number of questions not reached</b>	0.2–0.3	0.3–0.6	0.3	0.4–0.7	0.6	0.1–0.5	0.3–0.4

## Points to Note

- Data in this table refer only to tests administered from January 2014 through December 2014.
- Reliability: The data show that the SAT is a reliable test and that an individual test-taker would tend to earn similar scores on repeated testing.
- The standard error of measurement (SEM) is approximately 32 points, indicating that, on average, if a test-taker takes the test again, there is a 68 percent chance that his or her second score will fall within a range 32 points above or below the first score.
- When comparing scores between students for the same measure (critical reading, mathematics, writing), the standard error of the difference (SED) can be used to assess how much scores must differ in order to reflect true differences in ability. If two scores differ by at least SED times 1.5, it is unlikely that the two scores indicate that the two candidates are equal in ability since this level difference would occur 10 percent of the time or less. For example, when the SED is 40 points, you can be reasonably confident that if the score difference between two test-takers is greater than 60 points (40 x 1.5), the two test-takers are not likely to be equal in true ability.
- Difficulty: The SAT is shown to be appropriately difficult for the intended test-taking population.
- While the total number of items in the critical reading section of the test is 67, the number of items in the individual critical reading sections can vary slightly from form to form.

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<b>Mathematics Completion Rates</b>	Mathematics 1, 25 min. No. of questions (20)	Mathematics 2, 25 min. No. of questions (18)	Mathematics 3, 20 min. No. of questions (16)
<b>Percent completing the section</b>	51–85	44–80	53–78
<b>Percent of students completing 75 percent of the section</b>	96–99	94–98	96–99
<b>Number of questions reached by 80 percent of the students</b>	18–20	15–18	14–15
<b>Average number of questions not reached</b>	0.4–1.0	0.4–1.3	0.5–1.0

<b>Writing Completion Rates</b>	Writing 1, 25 min. No. of questions (35)	Writing 2, 10 min. No. of questions (14)
<b>Percent completing the section</b>	74–82	89–93
<b>Percent of students completing 75 percent of the section</b>	100	99–100
<b>Number of questions reached by 80 percent of the students</b>	34–35	14
<b>Average number of questions not reached</b>	0.4–0.6	0.1–0.2

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- The standard error of measurement (SEM) is approximately 32 points, indicating that, on average, if a test-taker takes the test again, there is a 68 percent chance that his or her second score will fall within a range 32 points above or below the first score.
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