

**AP[®] MUSIC THEORY
2015 SCORING GUIDELINES**

Question 5

b: i V i ii[°] i V VI

or: V V

0–25 points

I. Roman Numerals (7 points, 1 point per numeral)

Award 1 point for each correct Roman numeral.

1. Accept the correct Roman numeral regardless of its case.
2. Ignore any Arabic numerals, because they are included in the question itself.
3. Award no credit if an accidental is placed *before* a Roman numeral.
4. Accept the correct Roman numeral even if the diminished symbol (°) has been omitted from chord 4.

II. Chord Spelling, Spacing, and Doubling (6 points, 1 point per chord)

A. Award 1 point for each chord that correctly realizes the given figured bass.

1. The chord must be spelled correctly. An incorrect accidental on the wrong side of the notehead will be considered a misspelling.
2. The fifth (but *not* the *third*) may be omitted from any root-position triad.
3. The fifth (but *not* the *third* or *seventh*) may be omitted from a root-position dominant seventh chord.
4. All inverted triads and inverted seventh chords must be complete (i.e., have all chord tones).
5. All triads must contain at least three voices.
6. All seventh chords must contain at least four voices.

B. Award 0 points for a chord that breaks one or more of the conditions of **II.A.**

N.B.: Award 0 points for voice leading into and out of these chords. (See **III.E.**)

C. Award ½ point each for a correctly realized chord that has exactly one of the following errors:

1. A doubled leading tone, a doubled chordal seventh, or incorrect doubling of a $\frac{6}{4}$ chord.
2. More than one octave between adjacent upper parts.

D. Award 0 points for a correctly realized chord that has

1. More than one error listed in **II.C.**, or
2. The correct accidental on the wrong side of a notehead. (For an incorrect accidental on the wrong side of a notehead, see **II.A.1.**)

However, *do* check the voice leading into and out of these chords.

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Question 5 (continued)

III. Voice Leading (12 points)

- A.** In general, award 2 points for acceptable voice leading between two correctly realized chords. N.B.: This includes the voice leading from the given chord to the second chord.
- B.** If all chords are correctly realized and there are no voice-leading errors (as described in **III.C.** and **III.D.**), but the response seems to have excessive leaps within the upper three voices:
1. Award 12 points for voice leading if there are six or fewer leaps in the three upper voices combined.
 2. Award 11 points for voice leading if there are more than six leaps in the three upper voices combined.
- C.** Award only 1 point for voice leading between two correctly realized chords (as defined in **II.A.**) that features exactly one of the following errors:
1. Uncharacteristic rising unequal fifths. (See *DCVLE*, no. 4.)
 2. Uncharacteristic hidden (covered) or direct octaves or fifths between outer voices. (See *DCVLE*, nos. 5 and 6.)
 3. Overlapping voices. (See *DCVLE*, no. 7.)
 4. Motion leading to a chord with crossed voices. (See *DCVLE*, no. 8.)
 5. A chordal seventh approached by a descending leap.
- D.** Award 0 points for voice leading into and out of an incorrectly realized chord.
- E.** Award 0 points for voice leading between two correctly realized chords (as defined in **II.A.**) if any of the following statements is true:
1. Parallel octaves, fifths, or unisons occur (immediately successive or beat-to-beat), including those by contrary motion. (See *DCVLE*, nos. 1 through 3.)
 2. Uncharacteristic leaps occur (e.g., augmented second, tritone, or more than a fifth).
 3. Chordal sevenths are unresolved or resolved incorrectly. (The voice with the seventh should move down by step, but may move UP by step only in the case of the $i-V \frac{4}{3} -i^6$ progression.)
 4. The leading tone in an outer voice is unresolved or resolved incorrectly.
 5. The 6th or 4th of the cadential $\frac{6}{4}$ chord is unresolved or resolved incorrectly.
 6. At least one of the chords has more or fewer than four voices (soprano, alto, tenor, and bass).
 7. More than one error listed in section **III.C.** occurs.

IV. Scores with Additional Meaning

- 1** This score can be given to a response that has redeeming qualities.
- 0** This score is used for a response that represents an unsuccessful attempt to answer the question (has no redeeming qualities, or only one) or a response that is off-topic or irrelevant.
- The dash is reserved for blank responses.

V. Scoring Notes

- A.** Do not penalize a response that includes correctly used nonchord tones.
- B.** An incorrectly used nonchord tone will be considered a voice-leading error. Award 1 point if the incorrect nonchord tone results in one error listed in **III.C.** Award 0 points if the incorrect nonchord tone results in at least one error from **III.E.** or more than one error from **III.C.**
- C.** Half-point totals round up with one exception: A total score of $24\frac{1}{2}$ rounds down to 24.

Question 5. (Suggested time—15 minutes)

Realize the figured bass below in four voices, following traditional eighteenth-century voice-leading procedures. Continue logically from the spacing of the first chord. Do not add embellishments unless indicated by the figured bass. In the space below each chord, supply the Roman numeral that appropriately indicates harmonic function.

b: i V⁴₃ i⁶ ii⁶ i⁶₄ V vi

Handwritten notes:
 x# a# c# e
 b d f# g
 f# → e
 d → c#
 b → a#
 g

Question 5. (Suggested time—15 minutes)

Realize the figured bass below in four voices, following traditional eighteenth-century voice-leading procedures. Continue logically from the spacing of the first chord. Do not add embellishments unless indicated by the figured bass. In the space below each chord, supply the Roman numeral that appropriately indicates harmonic function.

Handwritten Roman numerals below the figured bass:

b: i ~~V₆³~~ / VI i⁶ II i⁶ i₆⁶ ~~V₇⁵~~ / VI VI

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Question 5. (Suggested time—15 minutes)

Realize the figured bass below in four voices, following traditional eighteenth-century voice-leading procedures. Continue logically from the spacing of the first chord. Do not add embellishments unless indicated by the figured bass. In the space below each chord, supply the Roman numeral that appropriately indicates harmonic function.

6
4
3
 6
 6
 8 — 7
6 — 5
4 — #
 b: I II I^b I^b V V VI

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2015 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 5

Overview

This question assessed students' ability to:

- realize a figured bass progression in Common Practice style in four voices;
- employ smooth voice leading procedures;
- demonstrate an understanding of diatonic harmony, including chord spelling in a four-part texture, voice leading, and doubling;
- analyze chords using Roman numerals;
- spell chords in a minor key, including raising the leading tone in the V chord;
- write and resolve a cadential six-four chord;
- notate a deceptive cadence;
- correctly prepare and resolve the chordal 7th; and
- correctly realize inverted triads and seventh chords utilizing all chord members.

Sample: 5A

Score: 23

This represents a very good response. All of the Roman numerals are correct, and all chords are spelled correctly. All voice leading connections are good, except the connection between the penultimate and the final chord, which has parallel fifths between the tenor and bass and an incorrect resolution of the chordal seventh. (Roman numerals: 7; Chord spelling: 6; Voice leading: 10; Total = 23)

Sample: 5B

Score: 17

This represents a fair response. Five Roman numerals are correct. All chords are spelled correctly except for chord four, which contains a spacing error and, therefore earned $\frac{1}{2}$ point. Voice leading motion between the first two chords is incorrect because of the leap greater than a fifth in the tenor. Voice leading between chords two and three is correct, even though the chordal seventh in the soprano resolves up. (The motion results in parallel tenths between bass and soprano, which is an acceptable motion; see Scoring Guide III.E.3.). There is a leap of a seventh in the alto between chords four and five; 0 points were awarded for this connection. The final voice-leading connection, between chords six and seven, earned 0 points because of the incorrect resolution of the chordal seventh as well as the presence of parallel fifths between the tenor and bass voices. (Roman numerals: 5; Chord spelling: $5\frac{1}{2}$; Voice leading: 6; Total = $16\frac{1}{2}$, rounded up to 17)

Sample: 5C

Score: 8

This represents a weak response. Five Roman numerals are correct, and three chords are spelled correctly (chords three, four, and seven). Since chords three and four are spelled correctly, it is possible that points could be awarded for voice leading, but there are parallel octaves between the tenor and soprano and, therefore, 0 points were awarded. (Roman numerals: 5; Chord spelling: 3; Voice leading: 0; Total = 8)