AP® WORLD HISTORY 2013 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 3

BASIC CORE (competence)

0-7 Points

1. Has acceptable thesis.

1 Point

- The thesis must include both a specific, valid **similarity** and a specific, valid **difference** between the <u>role of the state in economic development</u> in Meiji Japan and the role of the state in the economic development of one of the specified countries (China, Russia, or the Ottoman Empire) during the time period. Because the time period specified is the late 19th and early 20th century, students may address similarities and differences in the years from circa 1850 to circa 1950.
- The thesis must be explicitly stated in the introduction or the specified conclusion of the essay.
- The thesis may appear as one sentence or as multiple sentences.
- A thesis that is split among multiple paragraphs or merely restates the prompt is unacceptable.
- The thesis may not be counted for credit in any other category.

2. Addresses all parts of the question, though not necessarily evenly or thoroughly. 2 Points For 2 points:

- Addresses at least one valid similarity <u>AND</u> one valid difference between the <u>role of the state in</u> <u>economic development</u> in Meiji Japan and the <u>role of the state in economic development</u> in one of specified country choices during the time period.
- Discusses Japan and the other country but not necessarily evenly.

For 1 point:

- Addresses <u>at least</u> one valid similarity <u>OR</u> at least one valid difference between the <u>role of the</u>
 <u>state in economic development</u> in Meiji Japan and the <u>role of the state in economic</u>
 <u>development</u> in one of specified countries during the time period.
- Discusses Japan and the other country but not necessarily evenly.

3. Substantiates thesis with appropriate historical evidence.

2 Points

- For 2 points:
- Must provide at least five pieces of relevant and accurate evidence related to the economic role of the state
- At least **two** of the five pieces of relevant and accurate evidence must relate to **Japan** and **two** to the specified country choice.

For 1 point:

- Must provide at least **three** pieces of relevant and accurate evidence related to the economic role of the state.
- At least one piece of evidence must relate to Japan and one to the specified country choice.

4. Makes at least one direct, relevant comparison between the countries. 1 Point

Makes at least **ONE** explicit, concrete, and factually correct statement of similarity or difference
between the role of the state in Japan's economic development and the role of the state in the
economic development of the country chosen. The statement must also be a different comparison
from the ones used to address a similarity and a difference.

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Question 3 (continued)

5. Analyzes at least one reason for a similarity or a difference identified in a direct comparison.

1 Point

Explains **why** there was a similarity or a difference between the countries in the state's role.

Subtotal 7 Points

EXPANDED CORE (excellence)

0-2 Points

Expands beyond the basic core of 1–7 points. The basic core score of **7** must be achieved before a student can earn expanded core points.

Examples:

- Has a clear, analytical, and comprehensive thesis.
- Addresses all parts of the question thoroughly (as relevant): comparisons, chronology, causation, connections, themes, interactions, and content.
- Provides ample historical evidence to substantiate the thesis.
- Relates comparisons to larger global context
- Makes several direct, relevant comparisons between the countries.
- Consistently analyzes relevant similarities and differences in the role of the state in the two countries
- Applies relevant knowledge of other countries or regions or world historical processes.
- Recognizes nuances within the role of the states.

Subtotal 2 Points

Total 9 Points

Japan and O'Prissia, both downtrodlen empires under the
Shadow of Europe, industrialized to become global powers.
Both did so ofter European shows of force and political
change but Russia used local resources and foreign loans
while Japan used its own treasury and imported metals.
Both industrialized in response to growing European
economic dominance. Russia made its changes efter the Crimean
War. Not only did it lose, but it lost to the "inferior"
Ottomons who were backed up by European powers with
rifles, rannons, and heavy equipment. Russia knew that it
couldn't win any more without building its own industry.
Japan underwent its missele after seeing the occupation
of China by Foreign powers. Not one to convede Japan
kicked out all Foreigners, save the Dutch and decided to
build its own military and become the empire
of the East,
In order to do this, both had to change existing
political systems. Russia liberated its serts to establish
a working class and established western bureacracy. Although
most changes were caused by a reigning ezar, Peter I
revolution finalized the change as the communist
leaders Herrin and Stalin onsted the czars
CTO 612
and nationalized national assets. In Japan the Maiji

create a single ruler. From there, the newly centralized
government could distate where had to be done to
expand, This new centralization worked extremely well.
A major difference is that Russia used foreign
longs to build its infrastructure and assets, including
railroads and heavy monufacturing, Ordinarily this would be economic
ruing as was the case for the Ottomans but Russia
nationalized those or essentially stule thom during the 191)
Revolution. Unfortunately for Europe, this was in the middle
of WWI, and they couldn't send sildiers to do anything
about it! Japan did no such thing. In an a still rdobuted
economic miracle, Jupan Funded the construction
with its own money! It made citizens work for very
Jong hours with minimal wages killing many but Japan
managed to complete railroad lines telegraphs and factories
with no debt whatsoever.
In order to precipitate the changes Russia also
vent the Foreigh path like Latin American states today and hired
Foreign experts to manage government and industry. This
has an immensely high initial cost, as foreigners demand high
wages; In the However, these experts eventually trained local
Russians to do it themselves By the time the Russian
Revolution came around the foreigners were no longer
needed. Jupan used a different strategy. It sent its own

Students abroad to America, Britain, France, and Germany to
see how things worked overseas. There they picked
p the strategies for running industry and sur
other governments and societies in action. When the
students returned, they implemented their learnings locally. He They
11d, hovever, bring European concepts back such as universalizing
religions and democracy, but Jupan's managamous culture
prevented its adoption. Nonetheless, they continued to study
Western culture: Franceully the horson of the Bataan Donth
March was the Jupanese miniching what we had done
to our prisoners before so on the Trail of Tenrs
Another difference was where the natural resources cume
from. Russia is a sprawling state covering all
of Siberia, so it had planty of natural resources to austain
its growth. It had plentiful iron coal oil, and (later on)
uranium deposits that it did not have to pay
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for. Japan on the other hand was not as resource-
for. Japan, on the other hand, was not as resource- rich as Russia. Jupan had to import its materials as
rich as Russia. Jupan had to import its materials, as
Tich as Russia. Jupan had to import its materials as Jupan Itself is roughly the size of Montana and all mountains. This pressing need for materials made Jupan
Tich as Russia. Jupan had to import its materials, as Jupan itself is roughly the size of Montana and all
rich as Russia. Jupan had to import its materials as Japan Itself is roughly the size of Montana and all mountains. This pressing need for materials made Japan an expansionist empire, sweeping through Asia to

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The time period between the late-nineteenth century
and early twentiern century was a time of significant
economic development in Asra, especially Japan.
Along with Japan, China also experienced some
economic development but not one unat was as
significant as mat of Japan. Although both
countries rept their traditions and with during
this time period, malapanese government played
a nuge role in industrialization and bringing in
western influence while the Chinese government did
not emphasize industrialization and blocked out
western influence.
while Japan went unbugh a huge industriculization
period, China did not and stayed more agricultural.
During une meiji restoration the Japanese government
pressed for industrialization and claimed that
if they did not industrialize like European
nations, mey would fall behind and not
become an economic power in the world.
This ud to a rapid industrial tration during the
late 19th and early 20th centuries making Japan
a significant economic power in Asia. Unlike the
Japanese government, the Chinese government
did not push industrialization and economic
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government and not spend money on restoring and improving unina's ewnomy like Japan and in stead spent the money essewhere. Empres wext of the ainy dynasty spent money on making marble boats and beautiful items for the parace or other places in China, making little improvements in the economy and actually beading to more poverty in the middle and lower classes Another difference between the Japanese and Chinese governments was that the Japanese emphasized and welcomed western influence while China did not. Because of Japan's openness to western influence, the country was able to learn new technologies and ideas that contributed to its rapid industrialization and improved economy. Unite How open Japanese government, China's government was not open to wistern influence and actually blocked thum out of China. This was partially due to Es China's witural amogana and thinking that China was the anter of the world. The lack of new western technologies hindered the Chinese ability to industrialize and dure lop its economy. Although were Sapanese and Chinese

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.
gournments experienced major differences in involvement
in economic development, both governments
Still kept the original, traditional ideals and
culture. Japan unt under constiderable cultural
onange but Still tept traditional Japanese
where such as food, literature, and a pastriarenal
society. Women were more free than before in an
industrialized nation but they were still limited
in power and were still subject to makes. China and
not go under much change sothey definitely ropt
traditions and wither such as food, literature,
and a Strictly patrician society that still
Kept women subjuagated to men. China had
very little cultural change compared to Japan
So traditions and witurs from before did not
change.

Write in the box the on this page as it is d

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering on this page as it is designated in the exam.

of the state was more prominent in Russida Opponese zociety. By prominent bigger things affecting at 450 is economically. At the start of it was a very reclusive country, preeping its economy and technology to itself. It was a while later that the U.S. had to open Tapan up to the world, mainly for the purpose trade. This change struck a level of fear in the they sew that there were nations out in with superior-technology. As a resu Japan began industrializing and they changed their Warrior CHSSP cociedes power order. The Japanese Shogunate was taken down from a high position of power. The state making Tapan a tog player in the worlds This all readied Japan for its big role many years later, a very memorable war. years, even after opening up to the outside world. It's trade ties actually also payed a factor in Japans role in writt, supporting them in their fights and Ofinawa. The Possions in the early 19th century the likes of the major European Heir leaders, and unsatisfactory role in many battles.

on this page as it is designated in the exam.
occurred in 1917. The Russians were upset with how they
were being led. The communist revolution in Possid wasn't
peacety, the Bolsheverks had to fight to gain and maintain
power. The revolution sealed their fate in a way as they
become fied to an idea of a perfect society from the
Idea of Marxist communism, where everyone was equal.
A series of dictators took-advantage of the state, and
come into power. The most famous of these was Stalin.
As in my comporative essay I explained how Dictatorships
have failed in the past, the Russians Arranghout Will
are prime examples of a confused nation. Stalin under
up hilling a total of several million people, just like his
past ally Hitler, who also indirectly killed lots of people.
The peasant-class or Proletariat of the Possian society
us hard-pressed to find anything close to the Markist
ides that they had been chasing. The people of Russia
in the early 20th contary took a big role in their political,
military, and economic life. When Tapan's factors are also
weighed, the hissions top the scale.

AP® WORLD HISTORY 2013 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 3

Overview

The question asked students to identify and explain similarities and differences between the role of the state in the economic development of Japan and in one other country (China, the Ottoman Empire, or Russia) during the late 19th and early 20th centuries. In particular, the question measured the historical thinking skill of comparison and contextualization (Skill 3) and Key Concept 5.1 (Industrialization and Global Capitalism), sections II and V. The question assessed content and thematic knowledge of portions of Period 5 (1750–1900) and Period 6 (1900–present). The question specifically focuses on Themes 4 and 3: "Creation, Expansion, and Interaction of Economic Systems" and "State-Building, Expansion, and Conflict."

Sample: 3A Score: 8

The student writes a thesis paragraph that addresses both a specific, valid similarity and a specific, valid difference (1 point). The essay also earned 2 points for addressing all parts of the question: it provides a valid similarity as the topic sentence of the first body paragraph and a valid difference on the bottom of page 2 continuing to the top of page 3. There are numerous pieces of evidence throughout this essay, including two pieces of evidence for Russia at the bottom of page 1 and four pieces of evidence for Japan on page 2 (2 points). The direct comparison begins at the bottom of page 3 and extends through the rest of that paragraph (1 point). The analysis of why this difference in the state's use of natural resources exists is woven throughout the direct comparison (1 point). This essay earned 1 expanded core point for its use of ample historical detail to substantiate the thesis.

Sample: 3B Score: 5

The student makes an attempt at a thesis, but the similarity aspect is tied to culture, not the role of the state in economic development. This off-topic problem continues in the scoring element that addresses similarity. The similarity that the student addresses in the last paragraph is tied to culture, not to the economic role of the state. There is a minimally acceptable, but valid, difference addressed on page 1 in the topic sentence of the second paragraph. Another valid example of addressing a difference is found on the bottom of page 1, "Unlike the Japanese government, the Chinese government did not push industrialization and economic development was very little if not none" (1 point). The evidence for Japan in this essay is extensive and the evidence for China is adequate, so 2 evidence points were earned. There are two direct comparisons in this essay. The first is a direct comparison, which is a difference identified in the unsuccessful thesis, and the second is the last sentence of the paragraph ending in the middle of page 3 (1 point). Analysis for the direct comparison is found on the bottom of page 2 as the student explains why Japan welcomed western influence in technology and industrialization and China did not (1 point).

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Question 3 (continued)

Sample: 3C Score: 1

The essay begins with an attempt at a thesis, "The role of the state was more prominent in Russian society than Japanese society," but it does not contain a similarity element, and it is too general to have earned the thesis point. The similarity, which counted for an "addresses" point, extends from the middle of page 1 to the bottom of the page. It begins, "At the start of the 19th century, Japan was a very reclusive country, keeping its economy and technology to itself" and continues at the bottom of the page, "The Russians in the early 19th century were also behind the likes of the major European powers." Though this similarity is stated as true of the early 19th century, it is also true of c. 1850, so the similarity counted (1 point). There is an attempt on page 2 to address difference, but it is a discussion of politics, not the role of the state in economic development. This essay has three pieces of Japan evidence, all found on the first page, but no scorable evidence for Russia. There is no attempt at a direct comparison, and so there is no analysis of the reason for the direct comparison.