2017



AP Chemistry

Sample Student Responses and Scoring Commentary

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AP[®] CHEMISTRY 2017 SCORING GUIDELINES





A student investigates various dyes using paper chromatography. The student has samples of three pure dyes, labeled A, B, and C, and an unknown sample that contains one of the three dyes. The student prepares the chromatography chambers shown above on the left by putting a drop of each dye at the indicated position on the chromatography paper (a polar material) and standing the paper in a nonpolar solvent. The developed chromatograms are shown above on the right.

(a) Which dye (A, B, or C) is the least polar? Justify your answer in terms of the interactions between the dyes and the solvent or between the dyes and the paper.

Dye C is the least polar because it moved the farthest.	1 point is earned for the correct choice and reference to the chromatogram.
Nonpolar dyes are more strongly attracted to the nonpolar solvent.	1 point is earned for a correct
AND/OR	description of dye-solvent and/or
Nonpolar dyes are least strongly retained by the polar paper.	dye-paper interactions.

(b) Which dye is present in the unknown sample? Justify your answer.

Dye A is present in the unknown sample.	1 point is earned for the correct choice.
The unknown sample moves to a position that is midway between the origin and the solvent front, and so does dye A. OR Dye A has a retention factor (R_f) that is close to 0.50 on the chromatogram with the three dyes, and the unknown also has a retention factor close to 0.50.	1 point is earned for a valid justification.



- 4. A student investigates various dyes using paper chromatography. The student has samples of three pure dyes, labeled A, B, and C, and an unknown sample that contains one of the three dyes. The student prepares the chromatography chambers shown above on the left by putting a drop of each dye at the indicated position on the chromatography paper (a polar material) and standing the paper in a nonpolar solvent. The developed chromatograms are shown above on the right.
 - (a) Which dye (A, B, or C) is the least polar? Justify your answer in terms of the interactions between the dyes and the solvent or between the dyes and the paper.
 - (b) Which dye is present in the unknown sample? Justify your answer.

a) The least polar due is DueC. Since the solvent is nonpolar, will have greatest intermolecular interaction with other nonpolar substances (nonpolar substances will be most soluble in it) (like dissolves like), this means that whichever due travels the handest distance most similar to that of the solvent travels a or the most Will nonpolar. In this case its Due C A. In the experiment with unknown sample is Duc D and Due C travels the highest. Due A travels distance of the solvent and about the Due B travels 1/4 the distance of the solvent. The Unknown Due the distance that the travels about solvent travels polarity nonpolarity of its molecules is most similar 50 Due A therefore the Unknown is Due A. that

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because it interacted the least polar. the more polar like colvent, while also polor to the Da Der. at no feed more the same distance peran

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 - (a) Which dye (A, B, or C) is the least polar? Justify your answer in terms of the interactions between the dyes and the solvent or between the dyes and the paper.

(b) Which dye is present in the unknown sample? Justify your answer. least polor due is due c because it moved the forthest Ц. 10 from the origin, towards the nonpolar solvent. present in the inknown sample because it 6 0 rose the same amount as Dye A from the origin.

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AP[®] CHEMISTRY 2017 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 4

Overview

This question assessed students' ability to demonstrate the ability to interpret the results of a chromatography experiment correctly and to identify the least polar dye from among three dyes (A, B, or C).

In this question the Learning Objective (LO) assessed was 2.10. The Science Practices (SP) assessed were 4.2, 5.1, and 6.4.

In part (a) the dye that traveled the farthest on the chromatogram was the least polar. The students then were expected to use dye/solvent interactions and/or dye/stationary phase interactions to justify the response interpretation. The least polar dye has greater attractions to the nonpolar solvent, and/or the least polar dye has the weakest attractions for the polar paper. In part (b) students were expected to correctly identify an unknown from among the three known dyes. Since the solvent fronts for the two chromatograms were not equal, the justification for the unknown identification needed to reference retention factor values (or a description of retention factors) for the two chromatograms (unknown and selected dye).

Sample: 4A Score: 4

This response earned 4 of 4 possible points. The student earned 1 point in part (a) for correctly identifying dye C as the least polar and indicating that it traveled the farthest. An additional 1 point was earned for identifying the attraction of dye C to the nonpolar solvent. The response earned 2 points in part (b). The student correctly identifies the unknown as dye A and gives the correct ratio of the distance traveled by the solvent front to the distance traveled by the dye.

Sample: 4B Score: 3

This response earned 3 of 4 possible points. In part (a) the student correctly identifies the least polar dye with a reference to the chromatogram for 1 point. The student correctly describes the dye/solvent interactions for 1 point. In part (b) the student correctly identifies the unknown as dye A for 1 point. The student claims the unknown and dye A moved the same distance, so no point was earned for the justification.

Sample: 4C Score: 2

This response earned 2 of 4 possible points. In part (a) the student correctly identifies the least polar dye but does not describe the interactions between the dye and the solvent, so 1 point was earned. In part (b) the student earned 1 point for correctly identifying the unknown as dye A. The student states that the unknown and dye A move the same distance, so the justification point was not earned.