# **AP**<sup>°</sup>

# **AP<sup>®</sup> Computer Science A** 2015 Scoring Guidelines

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# AP<sup>®</sup> COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2015 GENERAL SCORING GUIDELINES

Apply the question assessment rubric first, which always takes precedence. Penalty points can only be deducted in a part of the question that has earned credit via the question rubric. No part of a question (a, b, c) may have a negative point total. A given penalty can be assessed only once for a question, even if it occurs multiple times, or in multiple parts of that question. A maximum of 3 penalty points may be assessed per question.

#### **1-Point Penalty**

- (v) Array/collection access confusion ([] get)
- (w) Extraneous code that causes side effect (e.g., writing to output, failure to compile)
- (x) Local variables used but none declared
- (y) Destruction of persistent data (e.g., changing value referenced by parameter)
- (z) Void method or constructor that returns a value

#### No Penalty

- o Extraneous code with no side effect (e.g., precondition check, no-op)
- o Spelling/case discrepancies where there is no ambiguity\*
- o Local variable not declared provided other variables are declared in some part
- o private or public qualifier on a local variable
- o Missing public qualifier on class or constructor header
- o Keyword used as an identifier
- Common mathematical symbols used for operators (x  $\div \leq \geq \langle \rangle \neq$ )
- o [] vs. () vs. <>
- o = instead of == and vice versa
- o length/size confusion for array, String, List, or ArrayList, with or without ( )
- o Extraneous [] when referencing entire array
- o [i,j] instead of [i][j]
- o Extraneous size in array declaration (e.g., int[size] nums = new int[size];)
- o Missing ; where structure clearly conveys intent
- $\circ$  Missing { } where indentation clearly conveys intent
- o Missing ( ) on parameter-less method or constructor invocations
- $\circ\,$  Missing ( ) around if or while conditions

\*Spelling and case discrepancies for identifiers fall under the "No Penalty" category only if the correction can be **unambiguously** inferred from context; for example, "ArayList" instead of "ArrayList". As a counterexample, note that if the code declares "Bug bug;", then uses "Bug.move()" instead of "bug.move()", the context does **not** allow for the reader to assume the object instead of the class.

# **AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A** 2015 SCORING GUIDELINES

#### **Question 1: Diverse Array**

Part (a)	arraySum	2 points				
Intent: Con	npute and return sum of elements in 2	1D array arr, passed as parameter				
+1	Accesses all elements of arr, (no bounds errors on arr)					
+1	Initializes, computes, and returns sum of elements					
Part (b)	rowSums	4 points				
	npute and return 1D array containing ameter	sums of each row in the 2D array arr2D, passed as				
+1	Constructs correctly-sized 1D arra	y of ints				
+1	Accesses all words in arr2D (no	bounds errors on arr2D)				
+1	Computes sum of row in arr2D	using arraySum and assigns to element in 1D array				
+1	Returns 1D array where kth element is computed sum of corresponding row in 2D arra for all rows					

Part (c) isDiverse	3 points
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**Intent:** Determine whether arr2D, passed as parameter, is diverse

- +1 Computes and uses array of row sums from arr2D using rowSums
- +1 Compare all and only pairs of row sums for equality (*No bounds errors on row sums array;* point not awarded if no adjustment when compares any row sum with itself)
- +1 Returns true if all compared row sums are different and false otherwise (point not awarded for immediate return)

#### **Question-Specific Penalties**

- -1 (g) Uses getLength/getSize for array size
- -1 (y) Destruction of persistent data (arr or arr2D)

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# **Question 1: Diverse Array**

# Part (a):

```
public static int arraySum(int[] arr){
    int sum=0;
    for (int elem : arr){
        sum += elem;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

# Part (b):

```
public static int[] rowSums(int[][] arr2D){
    int [] sums=new int[arr2D.length];
    int rowNum=0;
    for(int[] row : arr2D){
        sums[rowNum]=arraySum(row);
        rowNum++;
    }
    return sums;
}
```

# Part (c):

```
public static boolean isDiverse(int[][] arr2D){
    int [] sums=rowSums(arr2D);
    for (int i=0; i < sums.length; i++){
        for (int j=i+1; j < sums.length; j++){
            if (sums[i]==sums[j]){
                return false;
            }
        }
        return true;
    }
</pre>
```

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# **Question 2: Guessing Game**

Class:	Hidd	enWor	d 9 points
Intent: Defir	ne imple.	mentat	tion of class to represent hidden word in guessing game
+1	Uses correct class, constructor, and method headers		
+1	Declares appropriate private instance variable		
+1	Initializes instance variable within constructor using parameter		
+6	Implement getHint		
	+1	+1 Accesses all letters in both guess and hidden word in loop (no bounds errors in either)	
	+4	Proce	ess letters within loop
		+1	Extracts and compares corresponding single letters from guess and hidden word
		+1	Tests whether guess letter occurs in same position in both guess and hidden word
		+1	Tests whether guess letter occurs in hidden word but not in same positions as in guess
		+1	Adds correct character exactly once to the hint string based on the test result
	+1	Decla	ares, initializes, and returns constructed hint string

# Question-Specific Penalties

- -1 (t) Uses get to access letters from strings
- -2 (u) Consistently uses incorrect name instead of instance variable name for hidden word

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### **Question 2: Guessing Game**

```
public class HiddenWord
{
    private String word;
    public HiddenWord(String hWord)
    {
        word = hWord;
    }
    public String getHint(String guess) {
        String hint = "";
        for (int i = 0; i < guess.length(); i++) {</pre>
          if (guess.substring(i,i+1).equals(word.substring(i,i+1))) {
                 hint += guess.substring(i,i+1);
          } else if (word.indexOf(guess.substring(i,i+1))!= -1) {
                hint += "+";
          } else {
                hint += "*";
          }
        }
        return hint;
    }
```

}

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#### **Question 3: Sparse Array**

Part (a)		getValueAt	3 points		
Intent: Retu	ırn the v	value at row index row and	column index col in sparse array		
+1	Accesses all necessary elements of entries (No bounds errors)				
+1	Identifies element of entries at row index row and column index col, if exis				
+1	Returns identified value or returns 0 if no entry exists in $entries$ with row index roand column index $col$				
Part (b)		removeColumn	6 points		
Intent: Rem	nove col	umn col from sparse array			
+1	Decrements numCols exactly once				
+1	Accesses all elements of entries (No bounds errors)				
+1	Computes sum of row in arr2D using arraySum and assigns to element in 1D array				
+1	Identifies and removes entry with column index col				
+2	Process entries with column index $>$ col within loop		x > col within loop		
	+1	Creates new SparseArr current value	ayEntry with current row index, column index -1,		
	+1	Identifies and replaces ent	ry with column index > col with created entry		
+1	On e	xit: All and only entries with o	column index col have been removed and all and o		

+1 On exit: All and only entries with column index col have been removed and all and only entries with column index > col have been changed to have column index -1. All other entries are unchanged. (*Minor loop errors ok*)

### **Question-Specific Penalties**

- -2 (t) Consistently uses incorrect name instead of entries
- -1 (u) Directly accesses private instance variables in SparseArrayEntry object

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# **Question 3: Sparse Array**

### Part (a):

```
public int getValueAt(int row, int col){
    for (SparseArrayEntry e : entries){
        if (e.getRow() == row && e.getCol() == col){
            return e.getValue();
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

#### Part (b):

```
public void removeColumn(int col) {
       int i=0;
       while (i < entries.size()) {</pre>
             SparseArrayEntry e = entries.get(i);
            if (e.getCol() == col){
                 entries.remove(i);
             } else if (e.getCol() > col){
                 entries.set(i, new SparseArrayEntry(e.getRow(),
                                                        e.getCol()-1,
                                                        e.getValue()));
                 i++;
             } else {
                 i++;
             }
      }
      numCols--;
}
```

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# **Question 4: Number Group**

Part (a)	Interface: NumberGroup	2 points		
Intent: Defi	ne interface to represent a number group			
+1	interface NumberGroup (point lost if visibility private)			
+1	boolean contains (int <i>num</i> ); (point lost if visibility not public or extraneous code present)			
Part (b)	Class: Range	5 points		
Intent: Defi	ne implementation of NumberGroup repre	esenting a range of numbers		
+1	class Range implements Number(	Group (point lost if visibility private)		
+1	Declares appropriate private instance variable(s)			
+1	Uses correct constructor header			
+1	Initializes instance variables within const (point lost if bounds errors occur in contai			
+1	Computes and returns correct value from (point lost for incorrect method header)	contains		

Part (c) contains	2 points
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**Intent:** Determine whether integer is part of any of the member number groups

- +1 Calls contains on elements of groupList in context of loop (no bounds errors)
- +1 Computes and returns correct value

#### **Question-Specific Penalties**

-1 (s) Inappropriate use of static

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# **Question 4: Number Group**

# Part (a):

```
public interface NumberGroup
{
    boolean contains(int num);
}
```

# Part (b):

```
public class Range implements NumberGroup
{
    private int min;
    private int max;
    public Range(int min, int max)
    {
        this.min=min;
        this.max=max;
    }
    public boolean contains(int num){
        return num >= min && num <= max;
    }
}</pre>
```

#### Part (c):

```
public boolean contains(int num){
    for (NumberGroup group : groupList){
        if (group.contains(num)){
            return true;
        }
    }
    return false;
}
```