AP® Macroeconomics
2008 Free-Response Questions

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1. Assume the United States economy is operating at full-employment output and the government has a balanced budget. A drop in consumer confidence reduces consumption spending, causing the economy to enter into a recession.

(a) Using a correctly labeled graph of the short-run Phillips curve, show the effect of the decrease in consumption spending. Label the initial position “A” and the new position “B”.

(b) What is the impact of the recession on the federal budget? Explain.

(c) Assume that current real gross domestic product falls short of full-employment output by $500 billion and the marginal propensity to consume is 0.8.

(i) Calculate the minimum increase in government spending that could bring about full employment.

(ii) Assume that instead of increasing government spending, the government decides to reduce personal income taxes. Will the reduction in personal income taxes required to achieve full employment be larger than or smaller than the government spending change you calculated in part (c)(i)? Explain why.

(d) Using a correctly labeled graph of the loanable funds market, show the impact of the increased government spending on the real interest rate in the economy.

(e) How will the real interest rate change in part (d) affect the growth rate of the United States economy? Explain.

2. Balance of payments accounts record all of a country’s international transactions during a year.

(a) Two major subaccounts in the balance of payments accounts are the current account and the capital account. In which of these subaccounts will each of the following transactions be recorded?

(i) A United States resident buys chocolate from Belgium.

(ii) A United States manufacturer buys computer equipment from Japan.

(b) How would an increase in the real income in the United States affect the United States current account balance? Explain.

(c) Using a correctly labeled graph of the foreign exchange market for the United States dollar, show how an increase in United States firms’ direct investment in India will affect the value of the United States dollar relative to the Indian currency (the rupee).
3. The diagram above shows the production possibilities curves for two countries: Artland and Rayland. Using equal amounts of resources, Artland can produce 600 hats or 300 bicycles, whereas Rayland can produce 1,200 hats or 300 bicycles.

(a) Calculate the opportunity cost of a bicycle in Artland.

(b) If the two countries specialize and trade, which country will import bicycles? Explain.

(c) If the terms of trade are 5 hats for 1 bicycle, would trade be advantageous for each of the following?

(i) Artland

(ii) Rayland

(d) If productivity in Artland triples, which country has the comparative advantage in the production of hats?