

AP[®] CHEMISTRY
2008 SCORING GUIDELINES (Form B)

Question 5

The identity of an unknown solid is to be determined. The compound is one of the seven salts in the following table.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

Use the results of the following observations or laboratory tests to explain how each compound in the table may be eliminated or confirmed. The tests are done in sequence from (a) through (e).

- (a) The unknown compound is white. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this observation. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (b), (c), and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

One point is earned for each correctly crossed-out compound.

- (b) When the unknown compound is added to water, it dissolves readily. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (c) and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

One point is earned for each additional correctly crossed-out compound.

- (c) When $\text{AgNO}_3(aq)$ is added to an aqueous solution of the unknown compound, a white precipitate forms. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out the same compound(s) in the table in part (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

One point is earned for crossing out $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$ or for crossing out $\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ if it had not been crossed out earlier.

AP[®] CHEMISTRY
2008 SCORING GUIDELINES (Form B)

Question 5 (continued)

- (d) When the unknown compound is carefully heated, it loses mass. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

One point is earned for crossing out NaCl or for crossing out either CaCO_3 or BaSO_4 if they had not been crossed out earlier.

- (e) Describe a test that can be used to confirm the identity of the unknown compound identified in part (d). Limit your confirmation test to a reaction between an aqueous solution of the unknown compound and an aqueous solution of one of the other soluble salts listed in the tables above. Describe the expected results of the test; include the formula(s) of any product(s).

Mix an aqueous solution of $\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ with an aqueous solution of $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$. The BaSO_4 will precipitate.

One point is earned for describing a precipitation reaction between the compound left in part (d) and another compound given in the problem.

One point is earned for a correct identification of a precipitate that would form upon the mixing of the chosen solutions.

5A,

Answer Question 5 and Question 6. The Section II score weighting for these questions is 15 percent each.

Your responses to these questions will be graded on the basis of the accuracy and relevance of the information cited. Explanations should be clear and well organized. Examples and equations may be included in your responses where appropriate. Specific answers are preferable to broad, diffuse responses.

5. The identity of an unknown solid is to be determined. The compound is one of the seven salts in the following table.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

Use the results of the following observations or laboratory tests to explain how each compound in the table may be eliminated or confirmed. The tests are done in sequence from (a) through (e).

- (a) The unknown compound is white. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this observation. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (b), (c), and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

- (b) When the unknown compound is added to water, it dissolves readily. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (c) and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

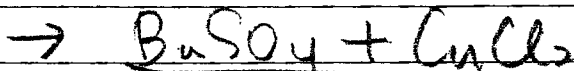
- (c) When $\text{AgNO}_3(aq)$ is added to an aqueous solution of the unknown compound, a white precipitate forms. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out the same compound(s) in the table in part (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

- (d) When the unknown compound is carefully heated, it loses mass. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

- (e) Describe a test that can be used to confirm the identity of the unknown compound identified in part (d). Limit your confirmation test to a reaction between an aqueous solution of the unknown compound and an aqueous solution of one of the other soluble salts listed in the tables. Describe the expected results of the test; include the formula(s) of any product(s).



white solid

(precipitate)

Answer Question 5 and Question 6. The Section II score weighting for these questions is 15 percent each.

Your responses to these questions will be graded on the basis of the accuracy and relevance of the information cited. Explanations should be clear and well organized. Examples and equations may be included in your responses where appropriate. Specific answers are preferable to broad, diffuse responses.

5. The identity of an unknown solid is to be determined. The compound is one of the seven salts in the following table.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

Use the results of the following observations or laboratory tests to explain how each compound in the table may be eliminated or confirmed. The tests are done in sequence from (a) through (e).

- (a) The unknown compound is white. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this observation. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (b), (c), and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

- (b) When the unknown compound is added to water, it dissolves readily. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (c) and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

- (c) When $\text{AgNO}_3(aq)$ is added to an aqueous solution of the unknown compound, a white precipitate forms. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out the same compound(s) in the table in part (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

- (d) When the unknown compound is carefully heated, it loses mass. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

B B B

B B B B B

5B₂

- (e) Describe a test that can be used to confirm the identity of the unknown compound identified in part (d). Limit your confirmation test to a reaction between an aqueous solution of the unknown compound and an aqueous solution of one of the other soluble salts listed in the tables. Describe the expected results of the test; include the formula(s) of any product(s).

(a) $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and $\text{Ni(NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ should be crossed out because they each show different colors from other 5, ($\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ - blue) ($\text{Ni(NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ - green)

(b) CaCO_3 and BaSO_4 should be crossed out, because they are both precipitates, they are insoluble to water.

(c) $\text{Al(NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$ should be crossed out. While other two compounds form white precipitate (AgCl) with AgNO_3 (aq), $\text{Al(NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$ does not form any precipitate with AgNO_3 (aq).

(d) NiCl_2 should be crossed out. Since the unknown compound loses mass as it is heated, it is a hydrate, which includes H_2O in its formation.

(e)

B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B

Answer Question 5 and Question 6. The Section II score weighting for these questions is 15 percent each.

5C1

Your responses to these questions will be graded on the basis of the accuracy and relevance of the information cited. Explanations should be clear and well organized. Examples and equations may be included in your responses where appropriate. Specific answers are preferable to broad, diffuse responses.

5. The identity of an unknown solid is to be determined. The compound is one of the seven salts in the following table.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

Use the results of the following observations or laboratory tests to explain how each compound in the table may be eliminated or confirmed. The tests are done in sequence from (a) through (e).

(a) The unknown compound is white. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this observation. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (b), (c), and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

(b) When the unknown compound is added to water, it dissolves readily. In the table below, cross out the two compounds that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out these same two compounds in the tables in parts (c) and (d).

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

(c) When $\text{AgNO}_3(aq)$ is added to an aqueous solution of the unknown compound, a white precipitate forms. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test. Be sure to cross out the same compound(s) in the table in part (d).

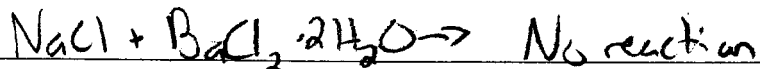
$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

(d) When the unknown compound is carefully heated, it loses mass. In the table below, cross out each compound that can be eliminated using this test.

$\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{BaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	CaCO_3	$\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
NaCl	BaSO_4	$\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	

5C₂

- (e) Describe a test that can be used to confirm the identity of the unknown compound identified in part (d). Limit your confirmation test to a reaction between an aqueous solution of the unknown compound and an aqueous solution of one of the other soluble salts listed in the tables. Describe the expected results of the test; include the formula(s) of any product(s).



AP[®] CHEMISTRY
2008 SCORING COMMENTARY (Form B)

Question 5

Sample: 5A

Score: 8

This response earned all 8 points: 2 for part (a), 2 for part (b), 1 for part (c), 1 for part (d), and 2 for part (e).

Sample: 5B

Score: 6

All the points were earned in parts (a), (b), (c), and (d). The points were not earned in part (e).

Sample: 5C

Score: 5

All the points were earned in parts (a), (b), and (c). The points were not earned in parts (d) and (e).